

# 2017 Rulebook Amendments



Compiled from the 2017 IUF Rulebook  
by the Unicycling Society of America

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Prepared by the IUF and USA Rulebook Committees.

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# Preface

The 2017 USA Rulebook Amendments cannot be used as an independent document; they must be used in conjunction with the 2017 IUF Rulebook. This document describes where the Unicycling Society of America chooses to differ from the IUF Rulebook for their competitions. This document is comprised of two parts: Part 1, General Rules and Definitions, and Part 2, Amendments. Part 1 is a complete section and replaces Part 1 in the IUF Rulebook in its entirety. Part 2 is a list of amendments and must be used in reference to the current IUF Rulebook.

The most current IUF Rulebook can always be found at <https://unicycling.org/files/iuf-rulebook-current.pdf>.

## **Part 1**

# **General Rules and Definitions**

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# 1A General

## 1A.1 Scope of Rules

This rulebook is intended to govern NAUCC. All NAUCCs (North American Unicycle Convention and Championships) must abide exclusively by these rules. Further rules may be added to cover specific situations, but they may not override the USA rules without prior approval by the USA Board of Directors. All additional rules must be published well in advance of competition.

## 1A.2 How to Use This Rulebook

This chapter is meant to replace chapter 1 of the IUF Rulebook for the use at USA events. The following chapters in the IUF Rulebook will be used, along with the USA Amendments, and these chapters in the IUF Rulebook are organized by discipline. Each chapter includes a overview, competitor rules, officials rules, and organizer rules. Additionally, Chapter 1 covers general rules, not tied to a particular event.

How you approach the information in this rulebook will depend on what role you play. The information has been organized with a goal toward separating rules by role, so that you can safely ignore sections that do not pertain to you. For example, if you are only interested in muni as a competitor, you can ignore other chapters and you can mostly ignore the officials and organizer rules within the muni chapter.

The following table gives some guidance for what information you need for various roles:

<b>Role</b>	<b>Applicable Sections</b>
Competitor	Chapter 1 and the overview and competitor rules for your events
Official	Chapter 1 and the overview, competitor rules, and officials rules for the event you will officiate
Event director	Chapter 1 and all sections of the chapter for your event
Host	All sections of the rulebook

### **1A.3 How the Rulebook is Updated**

This publication should be updated every two years following the latest IUF Rulebook publication. The Committee should finish their business and publicize the publication no less than four months before the start day of the next NAUCC. This is meant to be the only time that changes to the Rulebook are made, although exceptions are possible in extraordinary cases. The USA Board is responsible for making sure that the Rulebook Committee stays focused and on schedule.

Anyone may submit a potential change to the Rulebook at any time. These will not be official proposals, but suggestions for potential topics during the next Rulebook session. A forum can also be provided to discuss potential changes throughout the year.

### **1A.4 North American Champions**

The Male and Female winners of each individual event at NAUCC are the North American Champions for that event. There is no age limit to winning the overall title.

Age group winners can use the title ‘Age-Group Winner’, and the term ‘North American Champions’ generally refers to winners of Overall, Finals or Expert class.

### **1A.5 World Records, IUF Records**

The host should ensure that the competition conditions are conducted and recorded according to the IUF Rulebook and the IUF World Record standards. If world record standards cannot be used, then the competition results cannot be used for new world records.

### **1A.6 Ownership of Convention Data**

Each NAUCC or other large unicycling convention is a piece of history. At the conclusion of a NAUCC or other national event, or within one month thereafter, the convention host must supply the USA with a list of competition and other results. This list will include all data collected to determine placement and winners at all levels and in all events held at the convention. This data is considered public, and is not the sole property of the host. Copies of attendee registration details, judging sheets, protest forms, and related paperwork are not necessarily public, but are the shared property of the host and the Unicycling Society of America, and must be made available upon request. If the host wishes to discard any of this paperwork or data, it must be turned over to the USA, not thrown away. If requested, the host and convention officials must also provide further information, not necessarily in writing, about decisions made, methods used, and other details covered in the process of planning and running the convention. This information can be invaluable to future hosts, and must not be hidden or lost.

## 1A.7 Hierarchy of Officials

These people make the competition events work. All of the tasks detailed below must be covered for the events to work. Names must be assigned for all the jobs listed below, to create a hierarchy of authority for the convention. All officials are expected to work objectively and impartially.

### 1A.7.1 General Officials

**USA Board Of Directors:** The USA Board represents the interests of the USA on convention requirements, both in the area of competition rules and the necessary spaces and facilities for them, and for any other requirements that go along with putting on an USA convention. If problems arise in meeting the requirements, the USA Board and Convention Host work together to find solutions or compromises. The bulk of this should happen during the early planning stages for a convention, when facilities and schedules are being assembled.

**USA Convention Liaison:** The Liaison is an optional position. They can represent the USA Board when communicating with convention hosts. The Liaison essentially has the same powers as the USA Board, but must report to the USA Board and take direction from it.

**Convention Host:** This is a single person, or a collective group, that has made the commitment to host a unicycle convention using USA rules and guidelines. By agreeing to host an USA convention, they also agree to follow those rules and guidelines wherever possible. If known problems arise in the arrangement of facilities, schedules and events, the Host and the USA will work together to resolve the problems. For the most part, the Convention Host is the ultimate authority for what happens, and does not happen, at the convention. The exception is any USA requirements for convention facilities or contents, and rules for USA competition events.

**Top Competition Officials:** Each discipline has a set of authority positions which may include Race or Event Director, (Chief) Referee, Artistic Director and/or Chief Judge. They are not autonomous, and must answer to the Convention Host. For Artistic freestyle, it is highly recommended that none of these jobs be combined, and that there be at least one separate person for each. For other disciplines, combining these roles may be the easy way to organize those events.



## **1B Competitor Information**

### **1B.1 Personal Responsibility**

All attendees should remember that they are guests of the convention hosts, and ambassadors of our sport to all new riders, visitors from far away, and to people in the hosting town. Remember that the Host is renting the convention facilities, and attendees are expected to treat them well. Each rider is responsible for the actions of his or her family and non-riding teammates. Riders may lose placement in races, risk disqualification from events, or be ejected from the convention if they do not work to minimize disruptions from these people.

### **1B.2 Supervision of Minors**

A parent, guardian or other designated person, must supervise all minors.

### **1B.3 Knowing The Rules**

Lack of understanding of rules will be at the disadvantage of riders, not officials or the USA. The USA is also not responsible for any errors that may occur in the translation of rules and information into languages other than those in which they were originally written.

### **1B.4 Your Privilege**

Entry in the competition is your privilege, not your right. You are a guest at the Host's event. You may be in an unfamiliar country, with different customs that are considered the norm. The Host and convention officials determine whether certain events, age groups, or policies will be used. As an attendee, you are obligated to obey all rules and decisions of convention officials and hosts.

### **1B.5 Nations Represented**

Riders must represent the country in which they hold citizenship, or in which they are a legal resident. For example, if a rider is attending school in a different country, and is in that country legally, the rider can represent that country, *or* the rider's home country.

## *1 General Rules and Definitions – Competitor Information*

If necessary, citizenship or residence may be established with a passport, driver's license, or legal ID for the country the rider wishes to represent. Riders on extended vacation, exchange students, and other temporary residents of other countries are not eligible to represent those countries, except in multi-rider events (see below).

Because NAUCC is the North American Championship, a rider representing a non-North American country has additional restrictions. In order to encourage participation by international riders, non-North American competitors will still be allowed to compete at NAUCC, however they cannot be the North American Champion of any event and cannot displace the award of any North American competitor. The Host can choose to not give the non-North American rider awards or choose to give them awards alongside North American competitors. For example if a non-North American rider places second in a NAUCC event, the Host can either award this rider second place or ignore their results. In either case, the North American rider who placed third would be awarded second place, either alone or as a tie. The Host's policy for non-North American riders should be announced before the start of NAUCC.

# 1C Host Information

## 1C.1 Convention Aspect

All competitions need to make every effort to have equal time for the convention side by involving as many competitors as possible and making the event spectator-friendly for other participants as well as non-unicyclists. Any of the following are examples to achieve this goal:

- Workshops related to the event
- Fun competitions based on the event
- Instant results for the spectators
- Ways for other competitors to be introduced to the event
- Entertainment during breaks in the competition (such as half time entertainment)
- Schedule of the events posted in multiple places

## 1C.2 Required Events at NAUCC

NAUCC should include at least the following events. Hosts are free to add events, age groups, categories or variations that do not appear here, as long as there is no conflict with the existing rules. When in doubt contact the USA Board.

- Track Racing: 800m, 400m, 100m, One-Foot, Wheel Walk, and IUF Slalom.
- Road Racing: 10k and Marathon.
- Muni: Cross Country, Uphill, Downhill.
- Freestyle: Individual, Pairs, Group, and Club Show.
- Flatland and Street.
- Trials.
- Team Games: Hockey and Basketball.

### **1C.3 Sponsors**

The convention host has the option to seek and obtain private sector sponsorship; for example The Unicycle.com Freestyle Awards, the Coca-Cola Hockey Cup, etc. This will allow opportunities for external funding to defray costs for host organizations and competitors. Sponsors are limited to organizations that would not bring the USA into disrepute and are consistent with the aims and objectives of the Unicycling Society of America, Inc.

### **1C.4 Materials & Equipment**

The Host must supply all necessary materials and equipment to run the competitions, such as a timing system, starting posts, cones for the IUF Slalom, etc. Other materials such as paper and writing materials, judging tables, printers, basketballs, hockey sticks, etc. are also necessary.

### **1C.5 Early Announcement of Rule Changes**

For all competitions, written rules are needed for any planned events not described in the USA Rulebook, and for events where additional rules are required. These special rules could be variations on the optional events found in this Rulebook. Such rules should be published at the same time as registration forms, or earlier, and must be published at least one month before the start of the event. These rules can be published along with registration forms, and/or on the convention web site. Competitors need to know the specific rules so they can train for those specific events! Hosts also need to decide on rules early, so there is less to worry about near competition time. Rule changes may be a necessary reality, for reasons such as changes in venue, weather or available equipment. When this happens these changes must be posted to the convention web site immediately. Examples: Dismount rules or timing details for off-track races, obstacle information for Street Comp, planned age divisions or combination awards.

If competition events or games not found in the USA Rulebook are planned, written rules must be provided. These rules, if not pre-existing, should be published at the time of announcement of those events. This generally means at or before the posting of registration forms. For competitors to properly train, and be on an equal footing with local riders, all must be aware of the rules to be used.

### **1C.6 Registration Forms and Waiver**

Because of the various options available to riders in different events, riders may enter different events in different age groups. A properly structured registration form is essential for making these choices clear to the participants. For example, a rider may enter Pairs as an Expert with an older rider, but may wish to compete in Individual Freestyle in his or her own age group. Before publishing, a NAUCC registration form and waiver

absolving the USA board and its members from liability should be examined and approved by members of the USA Board of Directors. No rider may enter any event until his or her registration form has been completed, including payment and completion of waivers and/or signatures. No minor may compete until a parent or legal guardian has signed his or her release.

## 1C.7 Combining Age Groups

In a competition with more than 50 riders, six riders are needed to complete an age group. In competitions with less than 50 riders, six in each age group are still highly recommended, however three riders are the minimum to complete an age group. Riders generally enter all events with their age group except for events where there are Junior Expert and Expert categories.

The convention host must combine age groups with less than six riders (three riders for smaller conventions) if needed. This means that published age groups are not guaranteed. This can be done on a per-event (= per-discipline) basis.

When combining, combine the smallest age group (that is, the age group with the smallest number of participants) with its smallest neighboring age group (either up or down). If more than one age group is the smallest, choose the age group with the smallest neighbor for combining. Continue this process until all resulting age groups (combined and/or original) have at least the minimum required/recommended number of participants. Male age groups are never combined with female age groups.

## 1C.8 Awards

Because awards are paid for out of the convention budget, and are one of the major expenses of large competitions, the type, number, and quality of awards are the choice of the convention host. However, these awards must abide to these stipulations:

- Male and female competitors must be awarded equitably
- Standard Class and Unlimited Class competitors must be awarded equitably within the same competition (i.e. 10k Standard and 10k Unlimited)
- Awards should be equal within the ranks of Teams, Age Groups, and Champions (i.e. 13-14 in Track must be awarded equitably to 16-17 Muni Cross Country)

Also all awards must include both the year of the event and one or more of the following:

- Unicycling Society of America logo
- The words “Unicycling Society of America”
- The words “North American Unicycling Championships and Convention” or “NAUCC”

The host may determine the amount and level of those awards based upon USA Board approval. Generally there are trophies/expert medals for “top” events, medals for “subtop” events, and ribbons for lower events or places. The USA has most usually awarded 1st-3rd place in most events, but this too is up to the convention host. Once the competition has finished, a personal certificate must be made available to each competitor with a summary of their complete results. This can be done as an online download, and/or sent through e-mail, and/or made available as a physical copy on the event itself. The design of the certificates is up to the convention host.

## **1C.9 Safety Equipment**

Safety equipment worn by riders must meet the definitions for each, which are found in chapter 1C.21. Hosts may only deviate from these rules for safety equipment if this is inevitable. The status of “inevitable” has to be documented and must be approved by the USA Executive board. Any deviation from the safety equipment requirements must be approved and announced at least two months before the event. Additional inevitable changes that arise just before or during an event cannot be approved by the event director alone. The approval of two USA representatives is required in addition to the event director’s approval. These changes are once again only allowed in the case of the inevitable, and not, for example, due to the wishes of the competitors or judges.

## **1C.10 Protests**

An official protest/correction form must be available to riders at all times. All protests against any results must be submitted in writing on the proper form within two hours after the results are posted, unless there is a shorter time specified for certain events (for example: track racing). The form must be filled in completely. This time may be extended for riders who have to be in other races/events during that time period. Every effort will be made for all protests to be handled within 30 minutes from the time they are received. Mistakes in paperwork and interference from other riders or other sources are all grounds for protests. Protests handed in after awards have been delivered will not be considered if the results have been posted for at least three hours before the awards. If awards are delivered before results are posted, it is recommended to announce the schedule of posting and the deadline for protests at the awarding ceremonies. All Chief Judge or Referee decisions are final, and cannot be protested.

The host may decide to make official video of some competitions, for example at the start line and/or the finish line, or the 5-meter-line in case of the 50 m one-foot race. This must be announced before the competition to let the competitors know about their option to protest through this video.

Regardless of whether official video is available, all possible sources of evidence are generally allowed as a means of verification in case of a protest, including (but not limited to) private photos/videos and eyewitness reports. If someone submits a protest and has evidence that he wants to be considered, he must state that with his protest.

If possible, it is recommended that digital material is copied onto an ‘official’ computer for analysis. As an alternative, the evidence must be readily accessible, e.g. through a contact person and phone number.

In case of video evidence (regardless of its origin), a referee without good skills in video analysis should ask for a skilled assistant in order to prevent incorrect interpretations.

The referee decides which evidence he will consider, and the ‘value’ he assigns to the various pieces of information. Generally, official camera footage and judge reports will have higher ‘value’ than private evidence. The objective is that all riders will be judged as fairly as possible.

### **1C.11 Open Practice Area**

At least one area with a smooth safe riding surface, sheltered from the weather, should be made available for all or part of the day on most or all days of the convention. These areas are to be used for non-competition events such as workshops, skills exchange and free practice.

### **1C.12 Program Book**

At NAUCCs, all registrants shall be provided with a package of pre-printed information containing a full schedule of all events, maps and directions to all event locations, and as much rule and background information as possible. This information shall be provided when registrants first check in at NAUCC. NAUCC organizers should consider placing as much of this information as is practical in an official Program Book. This can make excellent reading for family members and spectators, and gets them more involved in our sport. It’s also a great place to sell ads as a source for convention revenue.

### **1C.13 Availability of Rulebook**

The host must make sure there are plenty of copies of the rulebook for officials to study on the spot.

### **1C.14 Photography and Videography**

The following rules are required for Unicon and are highly recommended for other large international competitions.

In events with closed perimeters, it may be necessary to limit the number of photographers and filmers (hereafter called “shooters”) allowed inside. We want great documentation of the events, but not at the expense of safety, and of spectators’ ability to see as well.

The following guidelines apply:

## *1 General Rules and Definitions – Host Information*

- Shooters must either register ahead of time to be inside the perimeter of an event, or have actual press credentials (professional photojournalists, TV news people, etc.).
- Registered shooters must have some form of ID given to them, whether it be a pass on a lanyard, a volunteer shirt, or something else to help identify them.
- The Referee or Head Official for the event has the final say on shooting that can affect the riders and/or spectators' view.
- The Referee or Head Official should appoint a Media Manager to manage this task.
- If a Media Manager is used, that person is still under the authority of the Referee or Head Official of the competition.
- Media Managers must have a good understanding of the needs of shooters to get the job done.
- Shooters must follow the instructions of the Media Manager or Referee/Head Official, and of the officials at the location.
- Shooters must generally stay aware at all times of the movements around them.
- If shooters continue to get in the way and/or not follow instructions they are to be ejected from the perimeter.
- It is greatly appreciated, but not required, that the shooter submits his or her top shots to the Media Manager during or directly following the convention to be used for the press.
- Flash is never allowed unless specific permission is given by the event director.

### **1C.15 Publication of Convention Information**

Convention dates and other information must be announced and/or published at the earliest possible date. The best way to control the publication of convention information is with a convention web site, with regular updates to provide all the latest information. For USA and other large events, registration forms should be made available no less than four months before the convention start date. A list of all planned competition events, including all rules and information pertinent to quality training, should be published at the same time with newly available data to be added as soon as it is known. Wherever possible, hosts should provide maps, directions and other information to help make people's convention as enjoyable as possible.

### **1C.16 Publishing Results**

Results of national and international championships must be published including details such as time, distance, and total score. For each event, the names and represented nationality of competitors as well as the names and nationality of all officials shall be published.



## **1C.17 Option to Remove People From Events**

The host is allowed to remove an individual or a group if they are acting aggressively or abusively against others. These individuals/groups should be given a first warning, followed by removal from the specific event by the Host or the Chief Judge/Referee who is in charge for the competition where the problem appears. The person(s) should only be removed from that competition to have a chance to calm down. If the aggressive or abusive behavior continues, it is also possible to remove the individual or group from the rest of the convention.

## **1C.18 USA Public Meeting**

The host will provide time in the convention schedule for the USA Public Meeting. At this meeting, the USA will elect officers or other volunteers, and otherwise do business and encourage the opinions and assistance of all interested convention attendees.

A minimum of one hour should be allocated, during which no other official convention events, other than open gym or other informal activities, should take place.

A meeting room must be provided that has adequate space/seating, lighting and acoustical properties to communicate and conduct the meeting. A lecture hall or theater are optimal locations, and a sound and/or projection system would be very helpful.

Other USA meetings may be held during the convention, both public and private, but the strict requirements apply only to the big public meeting.

## **1C.19 Changes and Cancellations**

The host reserves the right to make changes, if necessary, to ensure the success of a convention or competition. Sometimes these changes must be made at the last minute, such as in switching outdoor events for indoor in the event of rain. Sometimes activities must be cancelled due to events beyond the host's control, such as weather or power outages. When changes or cancellations are made, notification must be posted, communicated and/or distributed as early as possible.

## **1C.20 Terminology**

Event hosts must learn and use the proper names and terminology for our sport and competition events. They should take care not to continue the misuse of outdated or incorrect names and terminology. The correct ones must be used in all announcements, advertising, publicizing, internal and external documents, and especially in any official documents, such as those within, and printed out by, convention software.

## 1C.21 Definitions

**Age:** Rider’s age for all age categories is determined by their age on the first day of the convention.

**Expert:** The top category in events that don’t have a system to determine Finalists. When no other limitations are present, riders can choose to compete in this category against the other top riders. Limitations on this may be if top riders are chosen at previous competitions, such as national events, or if there is a limit on the number of competitors per country. The category is called Expert, and riders entered in it can be called Experts. The distinction of Experts over Finalists is that they are not chosen based on competition results at the current convention.

**Figure:** (noun) 1. A unicycle feat or skill, such as walking the wheel or riding backward, used to describe skills in the Standard Skill event. 2. A riding pattern, such as a circle or figure 8.

**Finalist, Finals:** A Finalist is a person, and “the Finals” is the last category or group in any event that has multiple rounds. For example in Track racing, the top riders from the age groups compete against each other in the Finals of most events.

**Freewheel:** Mechanism allowing the wheel to rotate while the cranks are stationary.

**Gearing:** Any mechanism that transfers the rotation speed of crank arms to a different rotation speed of wheel.

**Gloves:** (For racing) Any glove with thick material covering the palms (Leather is acceptable, thin nylon is not). Gloves may be fingerless, such as bicycling gloves, provided the palm of the hand is completely covered. Wrist guards, such as those used with in-line skates, are an acceptable alternative to gloves.

**Helmet:** Helmets must be of bicycle quality (or stronger), and should meet the prevalent safety standards for bicycle (or unicycle) helmets, such as ASTM, SNELL, CPSC, or whatever prevails in the host country. Helmets for sports other than cycling or skating are not permitted, unless the Referee makes exceptions. Helmets are required for some events as described in the Safety section of each chapter.

**IUF:** International Unicycling Federation. The IUF sponsors and oversees international competitions such as Unicon, creates rules for international competition, and promotes and provides information on unicycling in general.

**Junior Expert:** Same as Expert, but open only to riders age 0-14. Riders in this age range may optionally enter Expert instead, to compete in the highest/hardest category.

**Knee pads:** Any commercially made, thick version is acceptable, such as those used for basketball and volleyball, or any with hard plastic caps. Knee pads must cover the entire knee and stay on during the whole length of the competition. Long pants, bandages or patches are not acceptable substitutes.

**Muni:** Mountain unicycling, or mountain unicycle. The previous term for this was UMX.

**Non-unicycling Skills:** (for Freestyle judging) The riding of any vehicle with two or more wheels on the ground, and any skills not performed on a unicycle. Any skill with more than one support point on the riding surface, such as standing on the unicycle with it lying on the floor, or hopping while standing on the frame (seat on floor); two contact points with the riding surface (wheel and seat), both carrying part of the rider’s weight. The term also refers to skills such as dance, mime, comedy, juggling, playing music or riding vehicles that do not meet the definitions of unicycles.

**Prop:** Almost anything other than the unicycle(s) being ridden by competitor(s) in a Freestyle performance. A unicycle being used for a non-unicycling skill (such as a handstand on it while it’s lying down) is a prop at that moment. A hat that is dropped and picked up from the floor is a prop. A pogo stick or a tricycle (unless ridden on one wheel) is a prop.

**Shoes:** Shoes with full uppers are required. This means the shoe must cover the entire top of the foot. Sandals or thongs are not acceptable. Shoelaces must not dangle where they can catch in crank arms.

**Shin guards:** Any commercially made, thick version is acceptable, such as those used for football or bicycling, or any with hard plastic shell. Shin guards must cover the shin and stay on during the whole length of the competition. Long pants, bandages or patches are not acceptable as substitutes.

**Unicycle, Standard:** A Standard Unicycle has only one wheel. It is driven by crank arms directly attached to the wheel’s axle/hub, with no gearing or additional drive system. Pedals and cranks rotate to power the wheel. Is balanced and controlled by the rider only, with no additional support devices. Brakes and extended handles/handlebars are permitted. For some events, such as track racing, standard unicycles have restrictions on wheel size and/or crank arm length. Other events may specify other restrictions. When not noted otherwise, there are no size limitations.

**Unicycle, Unlimited:** A Unlimited Unicycle is powered, balanced and controlled by the rider only. Gearing, shiftable or not, and/or freewheel are allowed. (This may also be referred to as ‘Transmission.’) Multiple wheels are permitted, but it must not be possible to ride the unicycle when more than one wheel touches the ground.

**Unicycle, Wheel Size Classes:** The IUF defines standardized wheel sizes classes for unicycling competitions. Each class can have a limit on the maximum allowable outer wheel diameter (maximum diameter), the minimum allowable crank arm length (min crank length), and allowable transmission system, as defined above in the Standard and Unlimited Unicycle definitions.

Unicycle Class	Max Diameter	Min Crank Length	Transmission
16 Class	418mm	89mm	standard
20 Class	518mm	100mm	standard
24 Class	618mm	125mm	standard
24+ Class	640mm	No limit	standard
29 Class	778mm	No limit	standard
Unlimited Class	No limit	No limit	unlimited

## 1 General Rules and Definitions – Host Information

For any tire in question, its outside diameter must be accurately measured.

Crank arm length is measured from the center of the wheel axle to the center of the pedal axle. Longer sizes may be used.

The maximum diameter for the 24+ Class and 29 Class are defined such that virtually any commercially available tire, 24 inch or 29 inch respectively, should fit under these limits. However, this is not guaranteed and the referee should still be aware of the limits.

**Ultimate wheel:** A special unicycle consisting of only a wheel and pedals, with no frame or seat.

**UMX:** Unicycle Motocross. This term has been replaced by muni.

**Unicycling skill:** (noun, for Freestyle judging) Also known as ‘figure.’ Any skills (feats of balance) performed on a vehicle with one support point in contact with the riding surface, this being a wheel, the movement of which is controlled by the rider, thus maintaining balance. All mounts are also ‘unicycling skills.’

**Unintentional dismount:** In most cases, any part of a rider unintentionally touching the ground. A pedal and foot touching the ground in a sharp turn is not a dismount as long as the foot stays on the pedal while the pedal is on the ground. Dismounts during many races disqualify the rider.

**USA:** Unicycling Society of America, Inc. The USA sponsors and oversees national competitions such as NAUCC, creates rules for national competition, and promotes and provides information on unicycling in general.

**Unicon:** Unicycling Convention. This word usually refers to the IUF World Unicycling Championships conventions.

**Wheel walking:** Propelling the unicycle by pushing the top of the tire with one or both feet. Feet touch wheel only, not pedals or crank arms. A non-pushing foot may rest on the fork.

**Part 2**

**Amendments**

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## **Amendments**

The numbers below refer to sections in the current IUF Rulebook, which at the time of publication, is the “2017 IUF Rulebook (draft)” from March 2017. For the sake of clarity, both the number and the name of the referenced IUF Rulebook section will be written below. These amendments replace section 4D.6 and subsection 7B.6.1 of the 2017 IUF Rulebook in their entirety.

### **2.1 IUF Requirements for Continental Championships**

Throughout the IUF Rulebook there are various additional specifications, rules, and requirements for Continental Championships. This amendment document recognizes that while NAUCC is the Championship event for the North American Continent, these additional stipulations were generally written with much larger Continental Championships in mind. As such, all additional specifications, rules, and requirements for Continental Championships listed in the IUF Rulebook are treated simply as recommendations for NAUCC.

### **2.2 Ungeared Champion**

**Replaces IUF Section: 4D.6 Ungeared Awards**

At NAUCC, for each gender (male and female) where there are five or more geared riders in an Unlimited event, the fastest ungeared rider from that gender will be awarded with the North American Ungeared Champion title for that event. The next two ungeared riders from each gender should also be recognized with an award for second and third place, respectively, in that event. This is only for the expert classification, not for Age Groups.

### **2.3 Group Freestyle**

**Replaces IUF Section: 7B.6.1 Group Freestyle Restrictions**

Group freestyle is divided into two categories: Club and Group. Each rider may enter each category (Club and Group) only once. For example: a rider can be in a Club routine and a Group routine, but not two Group Routines.

A rider may appear in a second Group Freestyle performance with permission of the Chief Judge, to replace a rider due to illness, injury or other mishap.

### **2.3.1 Group**

Minimum of three riders.

### **2.3.2 Club**

Minimum of three riders. Must be a USA Affiliated Club, and all riders must be members of said club.

### **2.3.3 Minimum Age Groups**

None.

### **2.3.4 Time Limit**

Five minutes for Club, three minutes for Group.

### **2.3.5 Unicycles**

Any type and any number.

### **2.3.6 Music and Costume**

Same as Individual Freestyle.

### **2.3.7 Props and Decoration**

Same as Individual Freestyle.

### **2.3.8 Judging Method**

Same as Individual Freestyle, but with additional emphasis on teamwork and multiple person skills, such as formation riding. Extra consideration will be given to account for widely different group sizes, relative skill levels, and relative ages of riders.